



Yu. M. Bunkov

Topological Q-bit based on magnon Bose-Einstein condensation.

Laboratory of Quantum Magnonics, Russian Quantum Center, Skolkovo, B. Bulvar 30, 121205, Russia

**The spectra of magnons at different conditions have a fundamentally different form.
They can be characterized by an attractive or repulsive interaction, positive, zero or negative mass.**

1. Does our spatially homogeneous coherent state of magnons go beyond the Landau-Lifshitz approximation?
2. Can magnons with mass anisotropy be considered a Bose condensate?
3. The traveling spin waves with $k = 10^5$ 1/cm.
Can it be considered as Bose condensate or analogue of photon modes in a resonator?

Supported by Russian Science Foundation,
grant 22-12-00322



RQC

Russian
Quantum
Center

Prof. Matti Krusius vuosipäivä
Espoo, Finland, 4-5 November 2022



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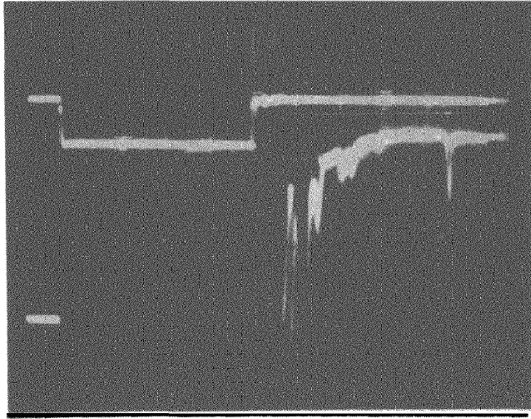
A few questions about magnon Bose condensation.

Laboratory of Quantum Magnonics, Russian Quantum Center, Skolkovo, B. Bulvar 30, 121205, Russia

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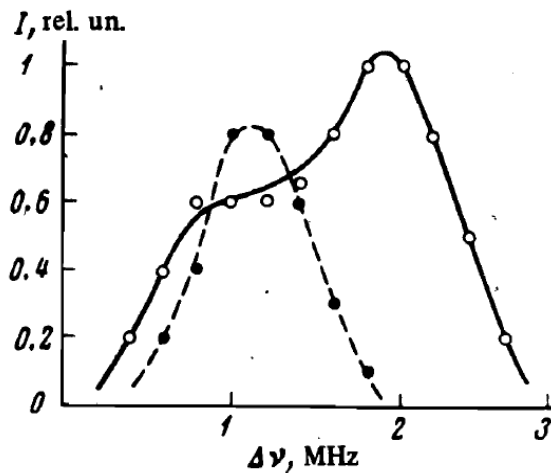
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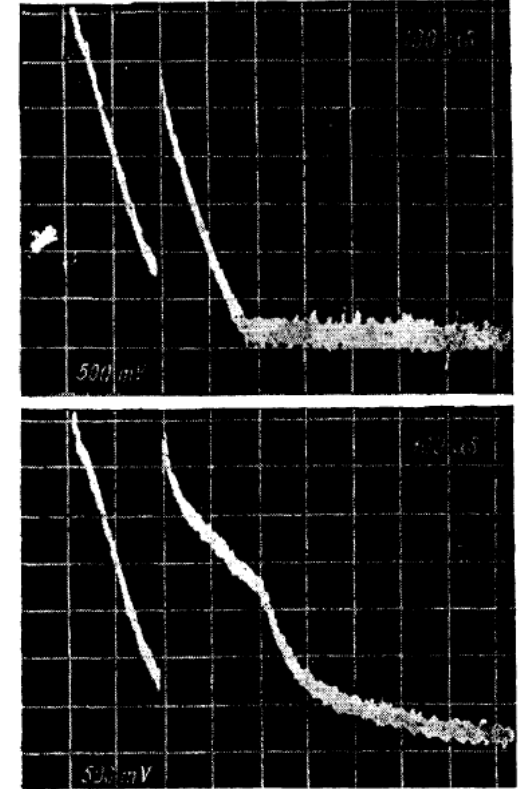
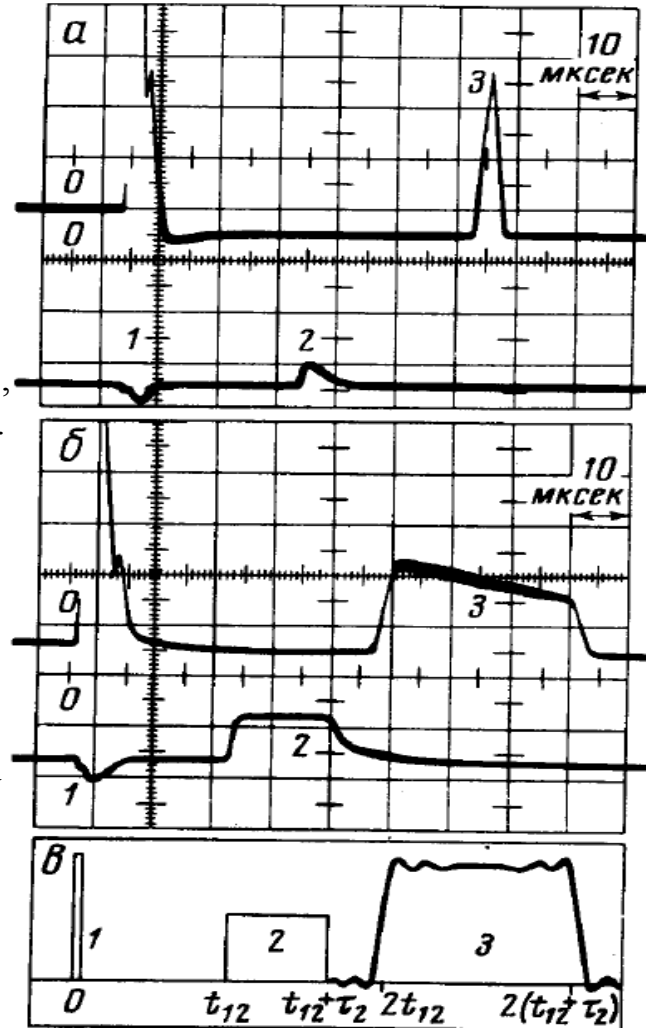
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Nuclear Spin Echo with Pulling".
JETPh Letters v.19, p.132 (1974).



Yu.M.Bunkov,
"Parametric Nuclear Spin Echo",
JETPh Letters v.23, p.244 (1976).



Yu.M.Bunkov, B.S.Dumesh,
"Dynamic Effect in Pulsed NMR
with a Large Dynamical Frequency
Shift" Sov. Phys.
JETPh v.41, p.576 (1975);



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E.E.Ylinen, "Fe57 NMR Frequency
Pulling Investigations at FeBO3",
Sov.Phys.JETPh v.47, p.615 (1978).

Magnon BEC and magnon superfluidity in antiferromagnetic $^3\text{He-B}$

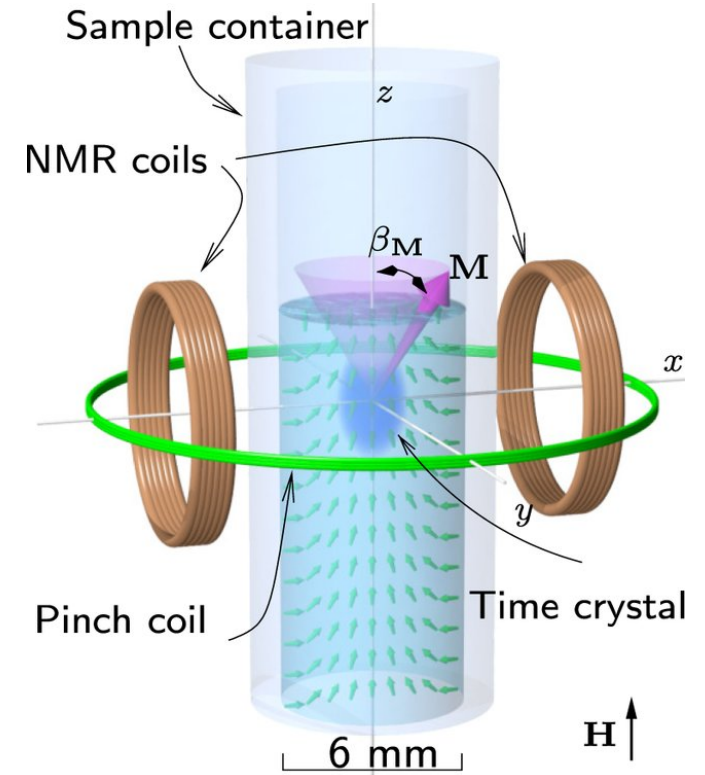
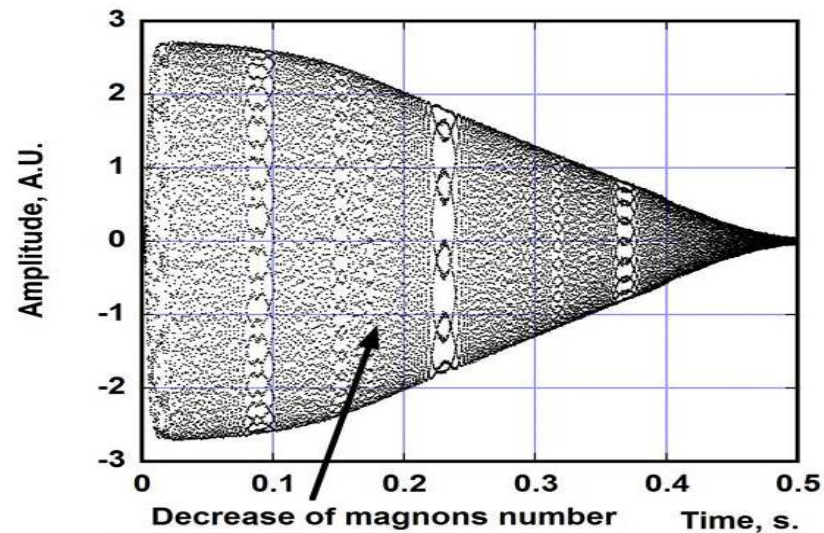
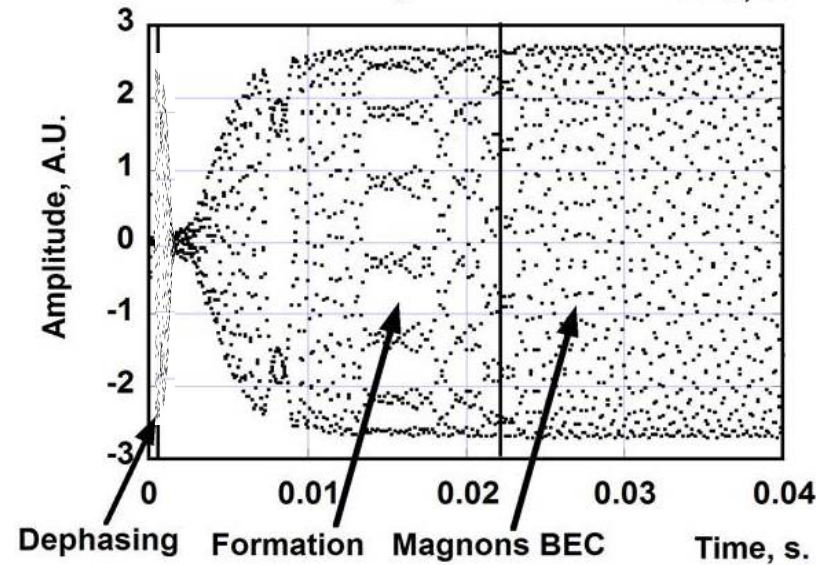
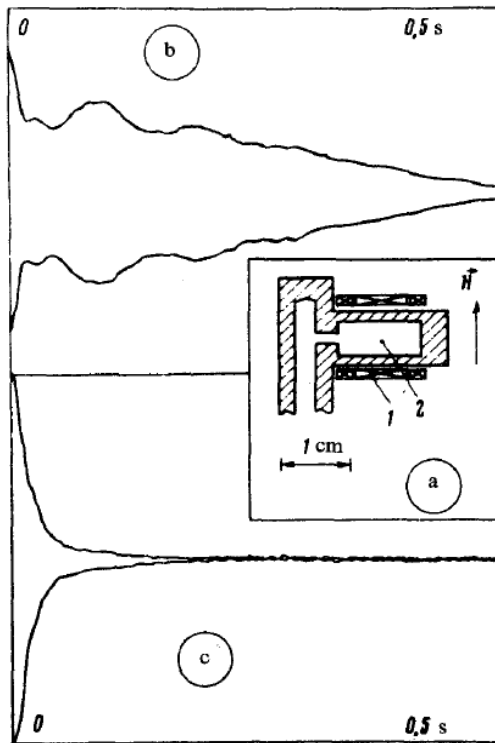
Long-lived induction signal in superfluid $^3\text{He-B}$

A. S. Borovik-Romanov, Yu. M. Bun'kov, V. V. Dmitriev,
and Yu. M. Mukharskiĭ

Institute of Physical Problems, Academy of Sciences of the USSR

(Submitted 16 August 1984)

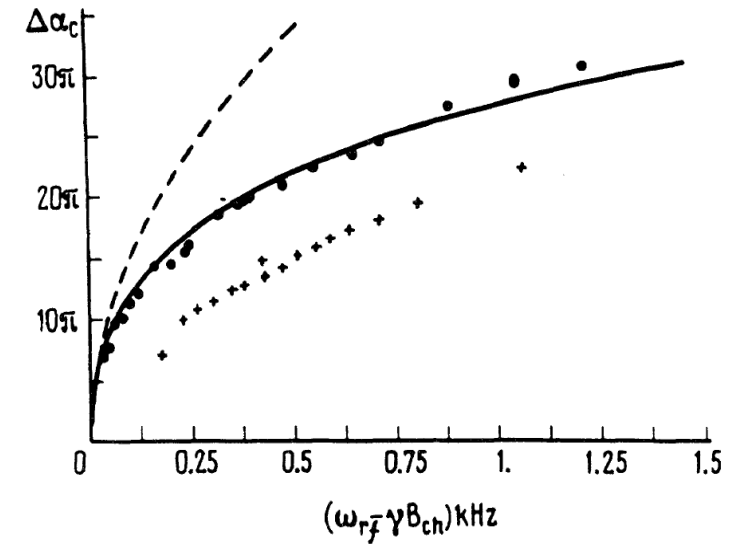
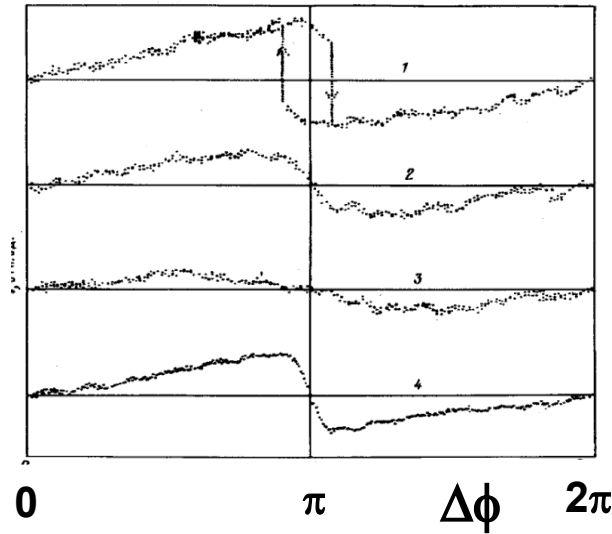
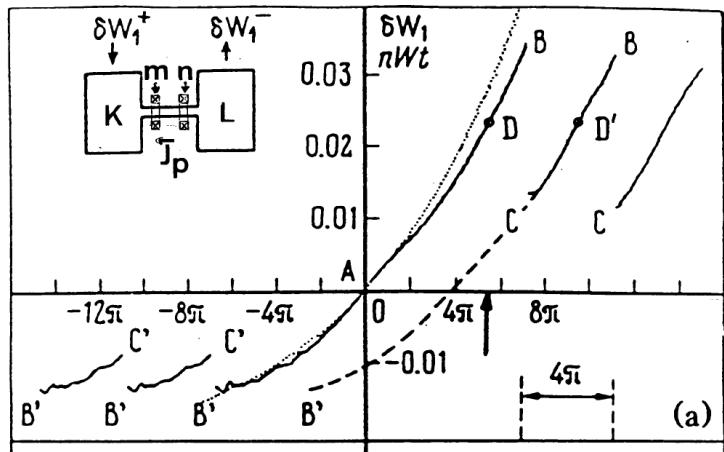
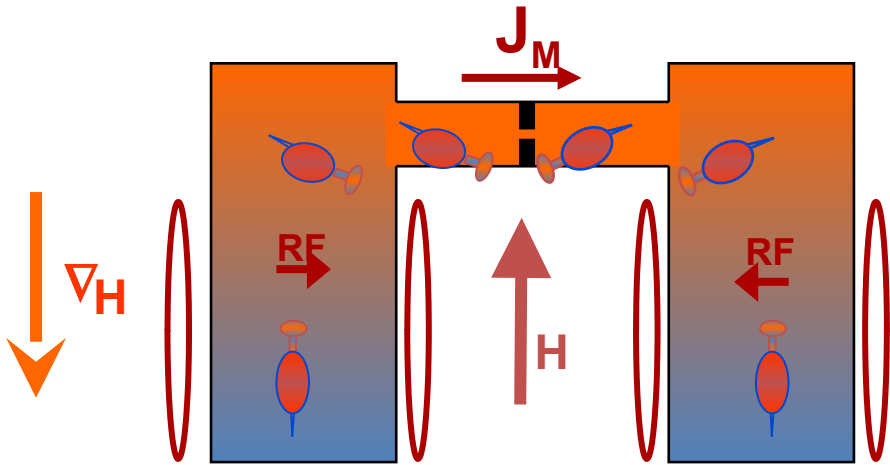
Pis'ma Zh. Eksp. Teor. Fiz. **40**, No. 6, 256–259 (25 September 1984)



• June 2022

Critical current and Josephson effect

$$J_{M_z}^\perp = -(\chi/\gamma)[(1 - \cos\beta)^2 c_{\parallel}^2 + (1 - \cos^2\beta)c_{\perp}^2] \nabla\alpha$$



$$\omega = f(N)$$

$$\omega - \gamma H$$

Frequency shift due to magnon-magnon interaction

$$\xi_0 = 1.088c_{\parallel} / \sqrt{\omega(\omega - \gamma H)}$$

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PHYSICAL REVIEW LETTERS

3 APRIL 1989

Investigation of Spin Supercurrents in $^3\text{He-B}$

A. S. Borovik-Romanov, Yu. M. Bunkov, V. V. Dmitriev, Yu. M. Mukharskiy, and D. A. Sergatskov

Institute for Physical Problems, Kosygin St. 2, 117334 Moscow, U.S.S.R.

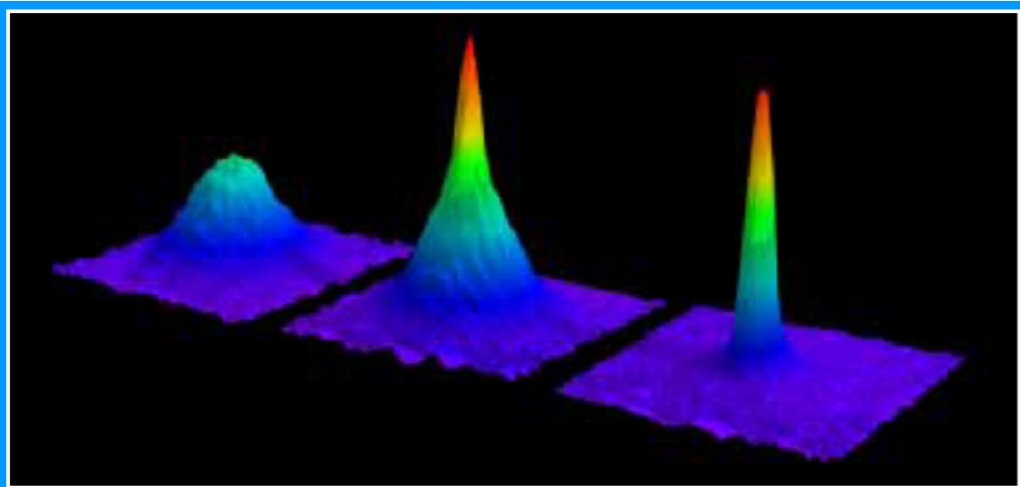
(Received 21 March 1988; revised manuscript received 16 November 1988)

Magnon BEC at room temperature

Atomic BEC

$$T_{BEC} \simeq 3.31 \frac{\hbar^2}{k_B m} (N_C)^{2/3},$$

Achieved by lowering the temperature below critical at a fixed particle density



Magnon Bose condensation

$$\hat{\mathcal{N}} = \hat{a}_0^\dagger \hat{a}_0 = \frac{S - \hat{S}_z}{\hbar} \quad \varepsilon_k = \varepsilon_0 + \varepsilon_{ex}(ak)^2.$$

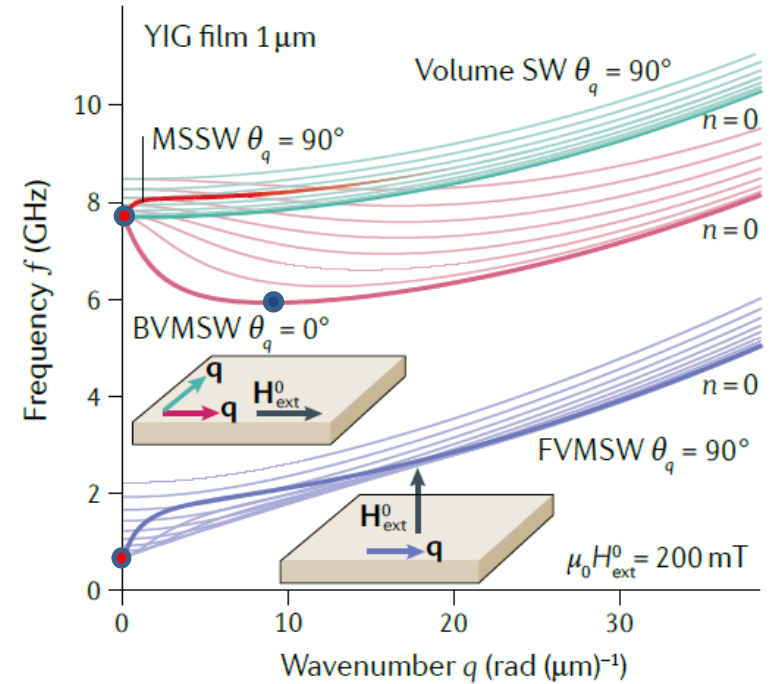
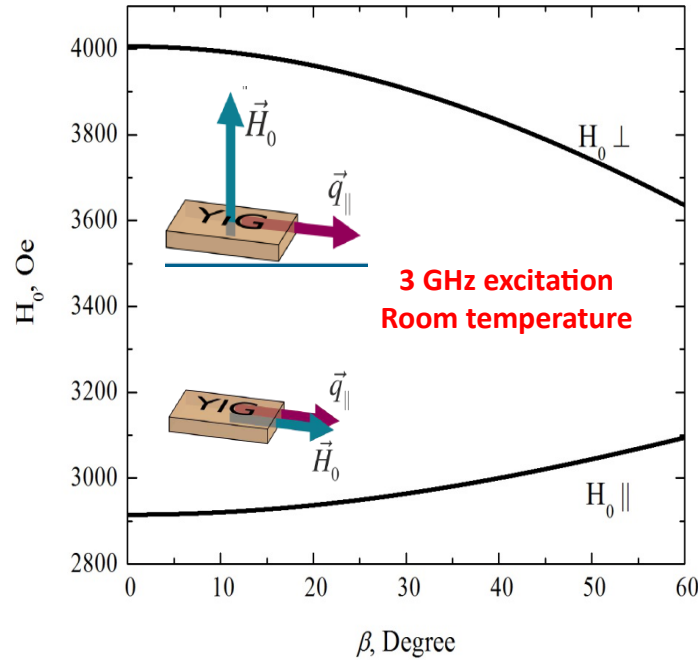
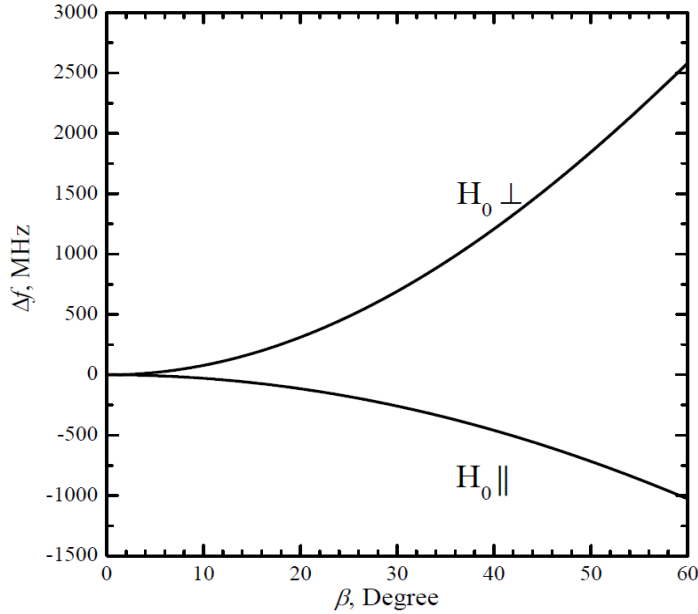
$$N_C \simeq \frac{k_B T_m}{4\pi a^3} \frac{\varepsilon_0^{1/2}}{\varepsilon_{ex}^{3/2}},$$

N_C corresponds to a 2.5° magnetization deflection in YIG film

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$$\Psi = \sqrt{\frac{2S}{\hbar}} \sin \frac{\beta}{2} e^{i(\alpha + \omega t)}$$

YIG film, magnon excitation



$$T_{BEC} \simeq 3.31 \frac{\hbar^2}{k_B m} (N_C)^{2/3},$$

$$\hat{\mathcal{N}} = \hat{a}_0^\dagger \hat{a}_0 = \frac{\mathcal{S} - \hat{S}_z}{\hbar}$$

$$\epsilon_k = \epsilon_0 + \epsilon_{ex}(ak)^2.$$

$$N_C \simeq \frac{k_B T_m}{4\pi a^3} \frac{\epsilon_0^{1/2}}{\epsilon_{ex}^{3/2}},$$

Yu. M. Bunkov, V. L. Safonov (JMMM) 452, 30 (2018)

Anderson, P. W. & Suhl, H.
 Instability in the motion of ferromagnets at
 high microwave power levels. *Phys. Rev.* **100**, 1788
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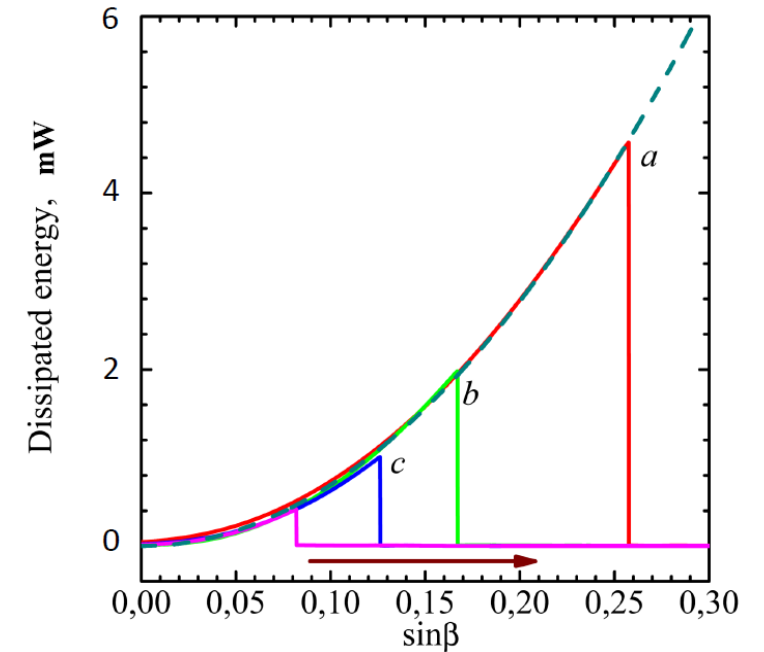
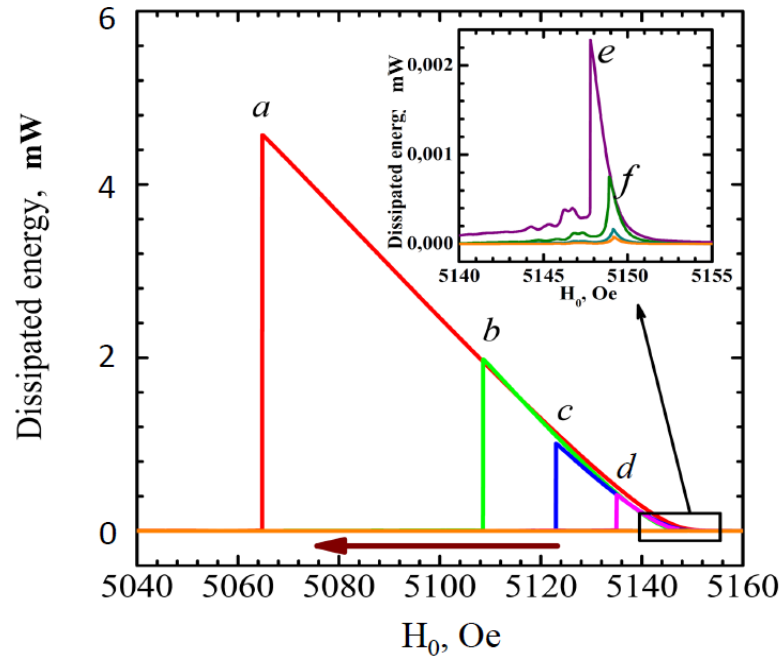
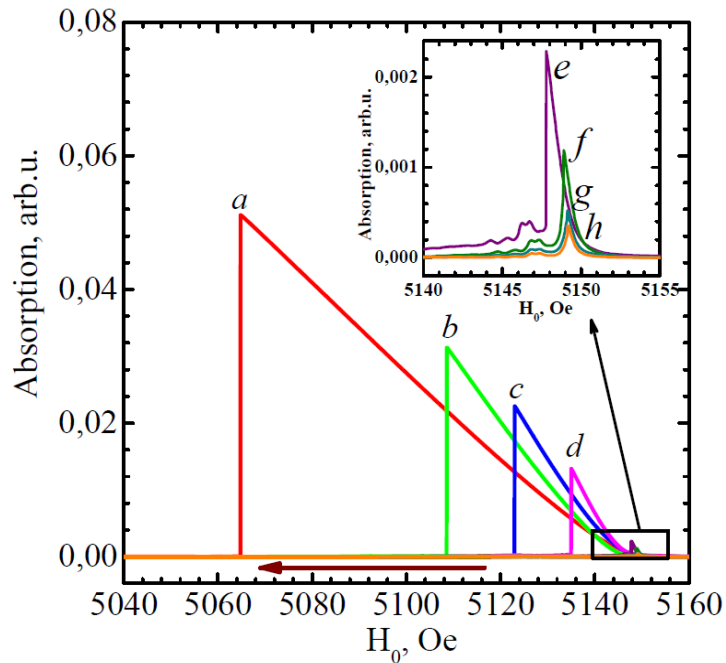
scientific reports 11, 7673 (2021).

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OPEN

Quantum paradigm of the foldover magnetic resonance

Yu. M. Bunkov^{1,2}, A. N. Kuzmichev¹, T. R. Safin², P. M. Vetoshko¹, V. I. Belotelov^{1,3} &
 M. S. Tagirov²

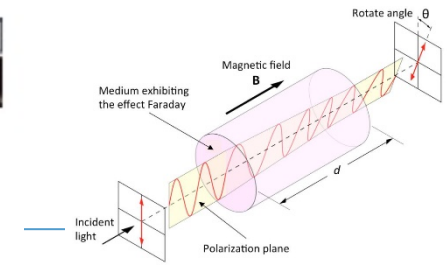


Optical set up

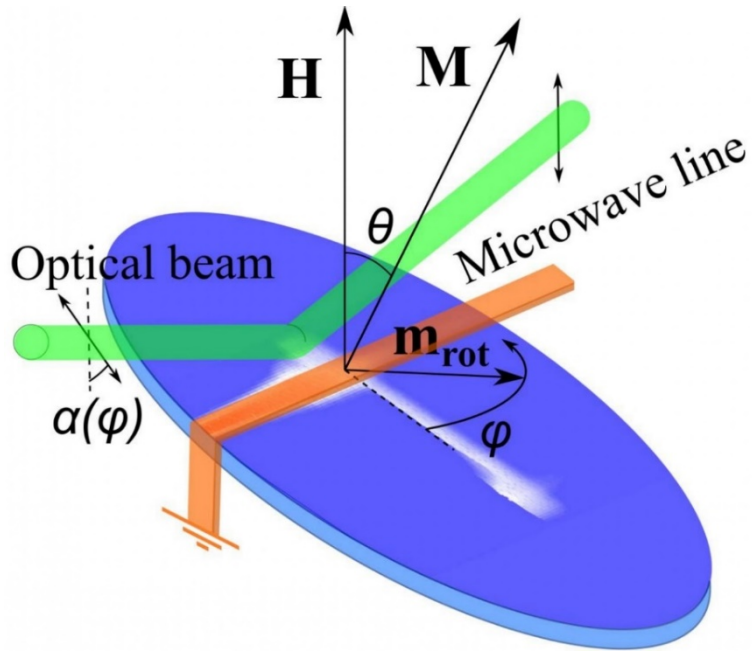


Magneto-optical imaging of coherent spin dynamics in ferrites

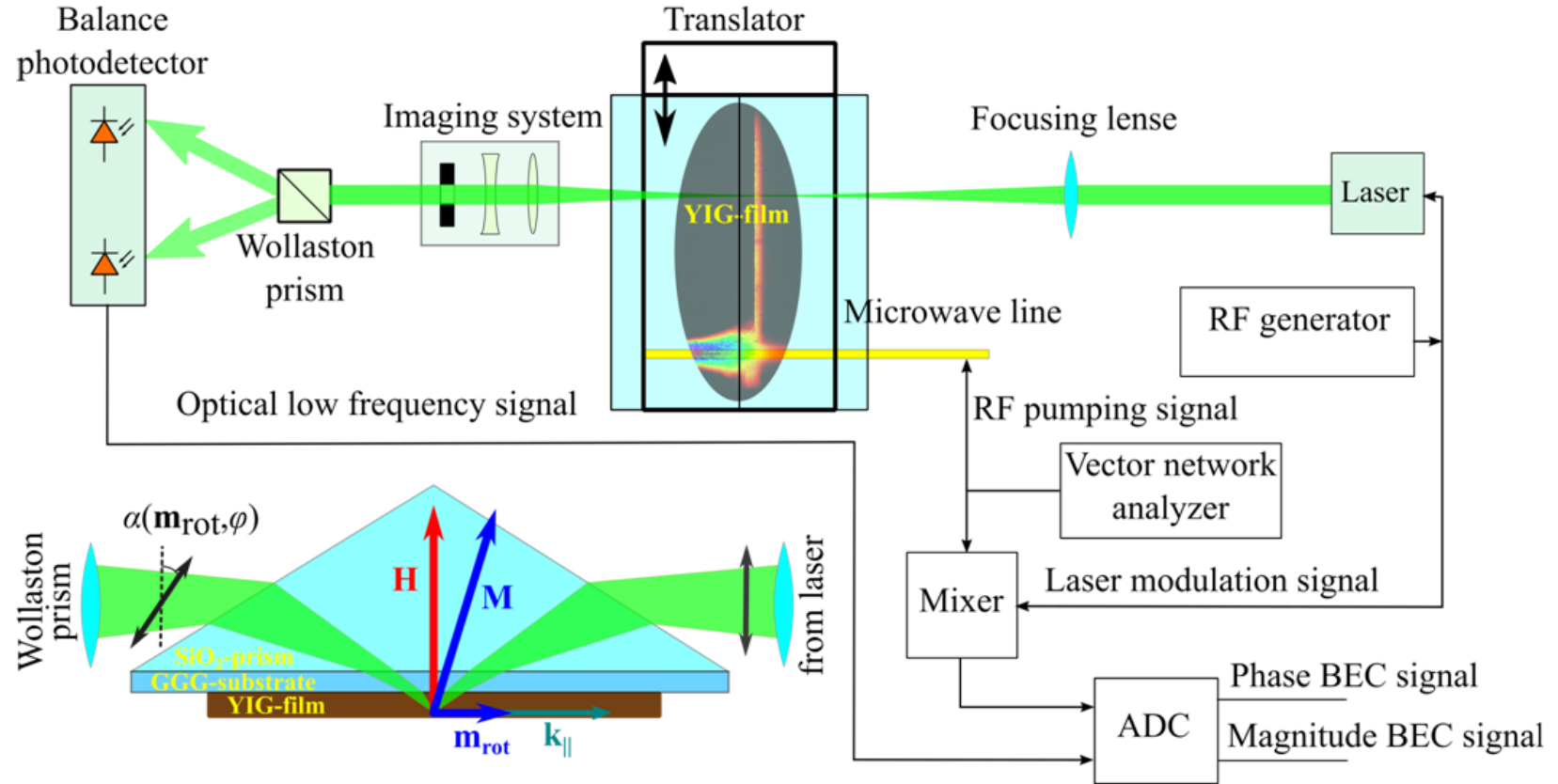
P. E. PETROV,^{1,2} P. O. KAPRALOV,¹ G. A. KNYAZEV,^{1,2} A. N. KUZMICHEV,¹ P. M. VETOSHKO,^{1,3,4} YU. M. BUNKOV,^{1,3,*} AND V. I. BELOTELOV^{1,2,3}



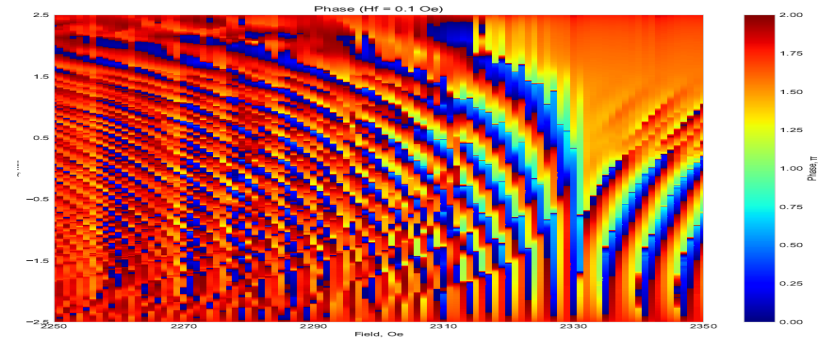
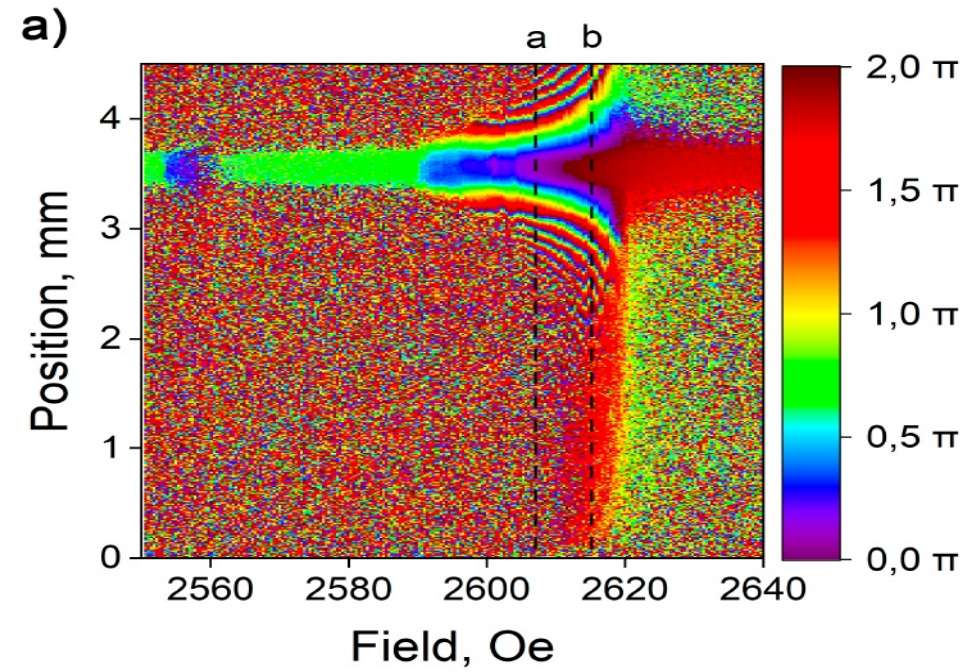
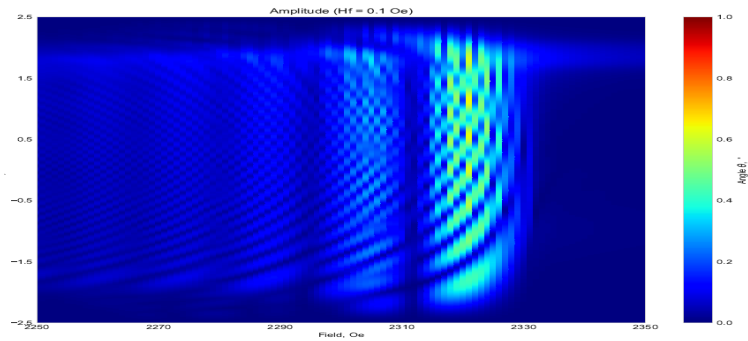
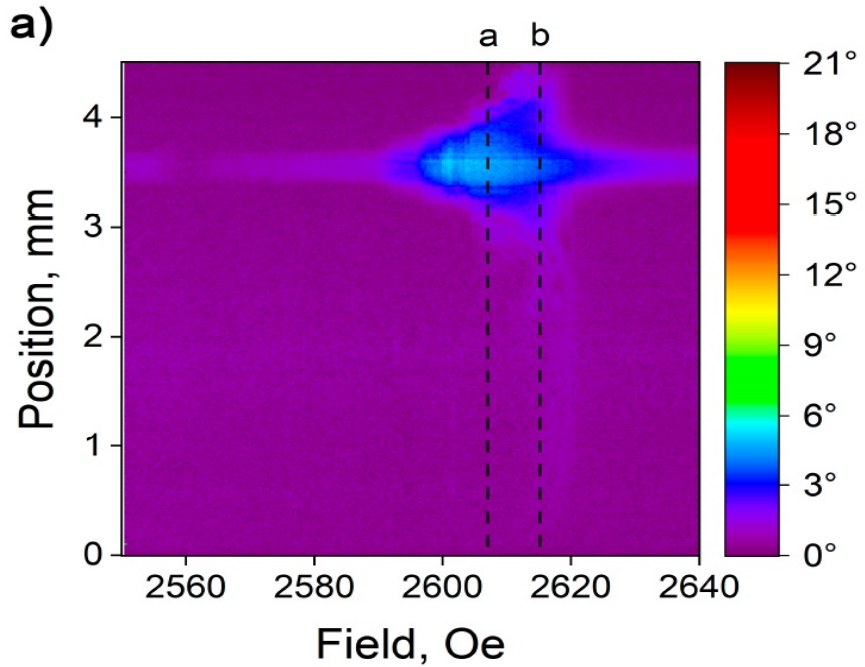
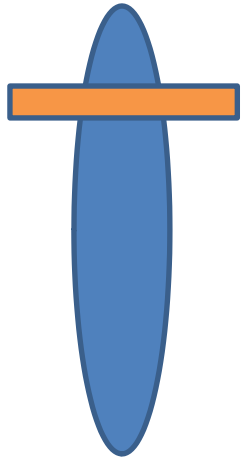
Faraday rotation



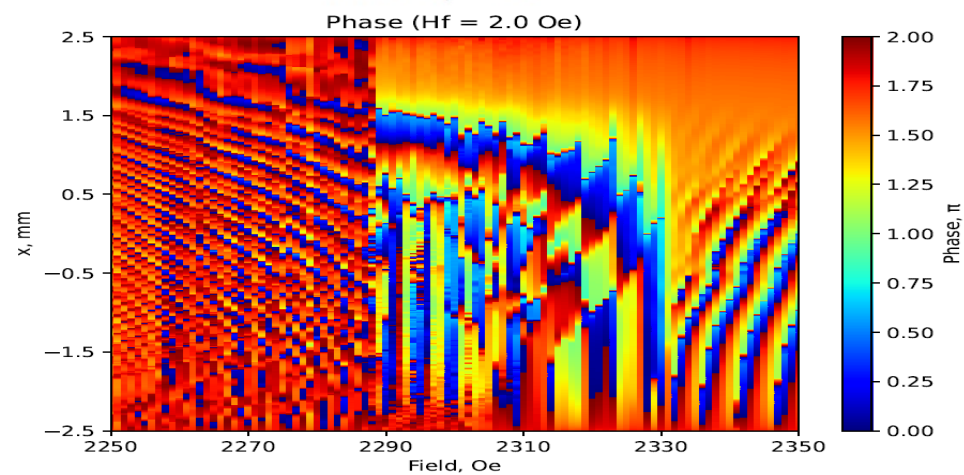
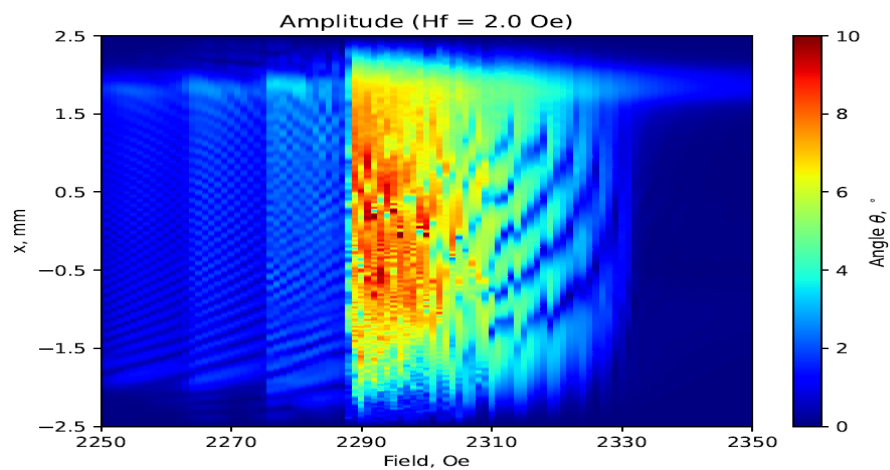
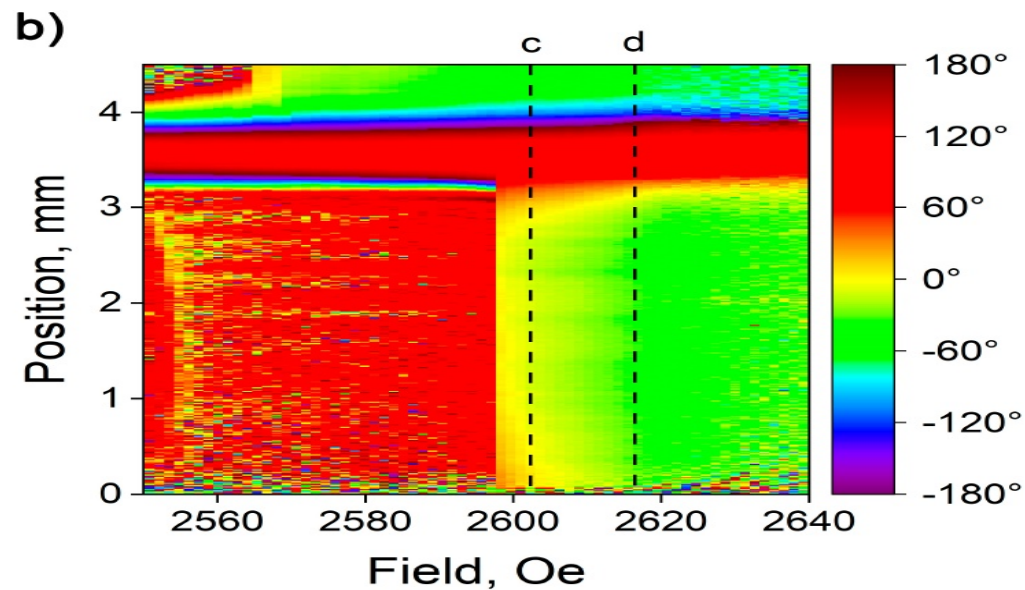
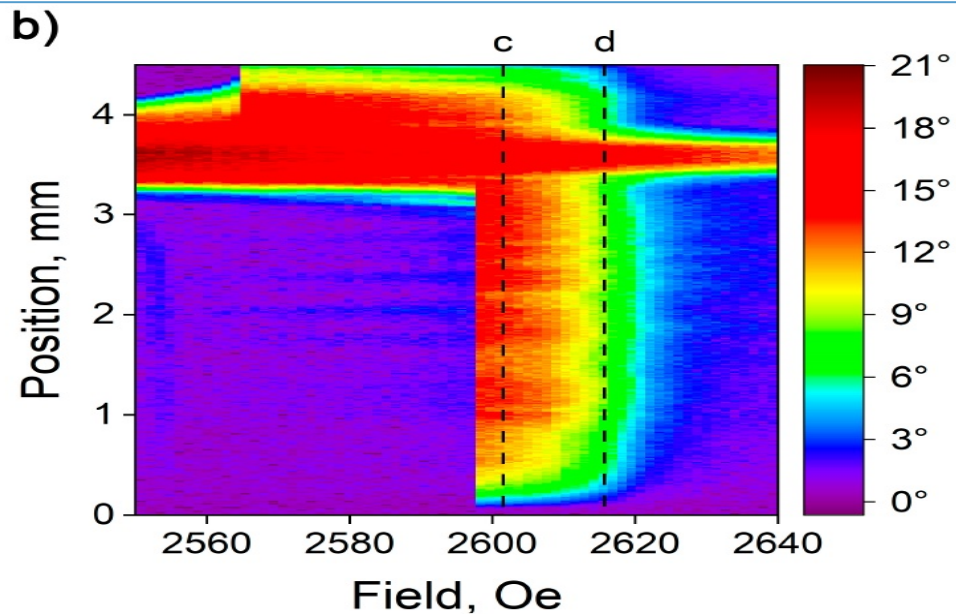
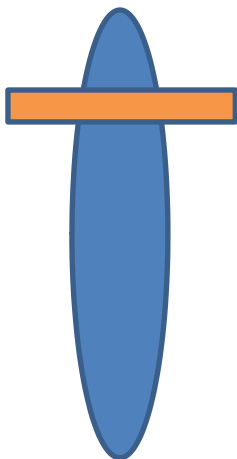
The difference between the frequencies of RF and the laser modulation is 12 kHz.



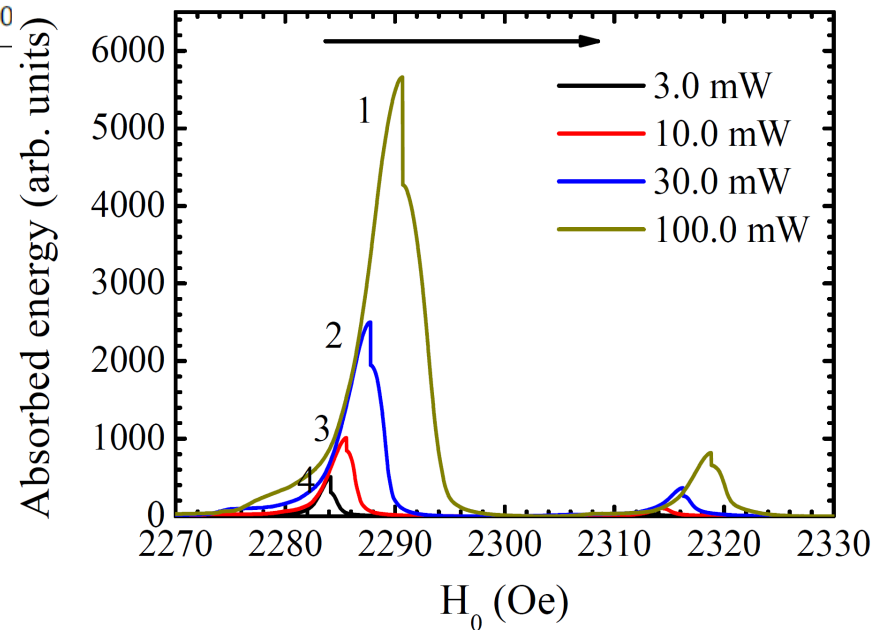
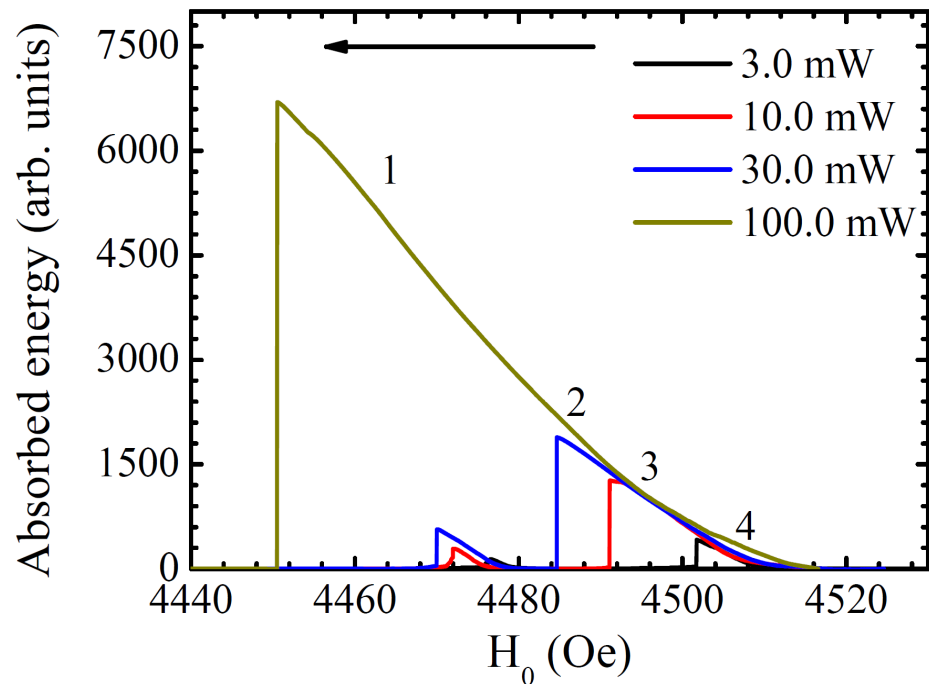
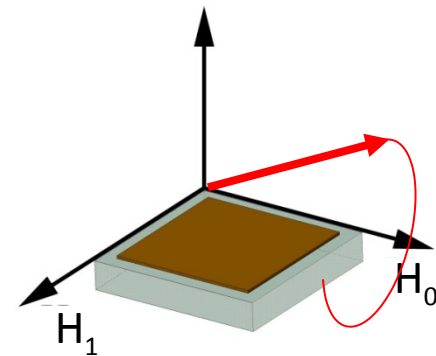
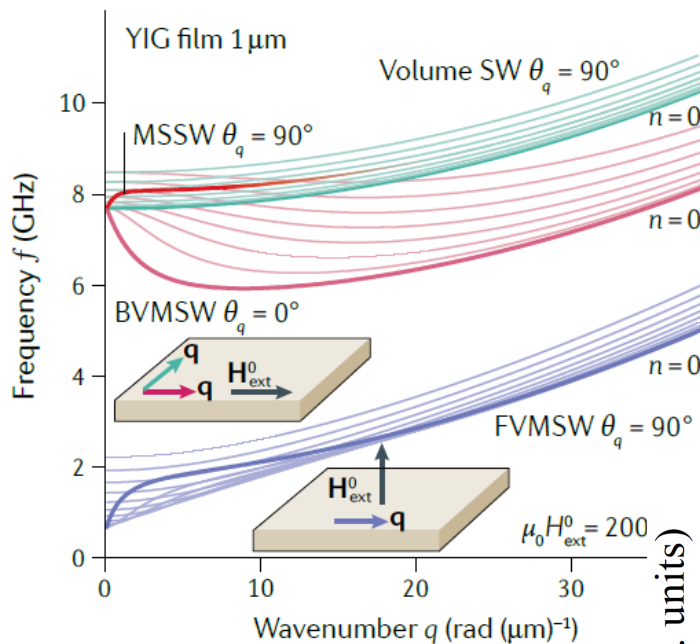
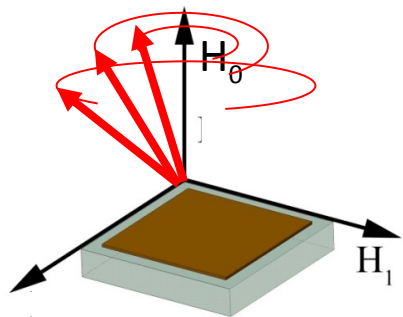
Spin Wave modes, small excitation



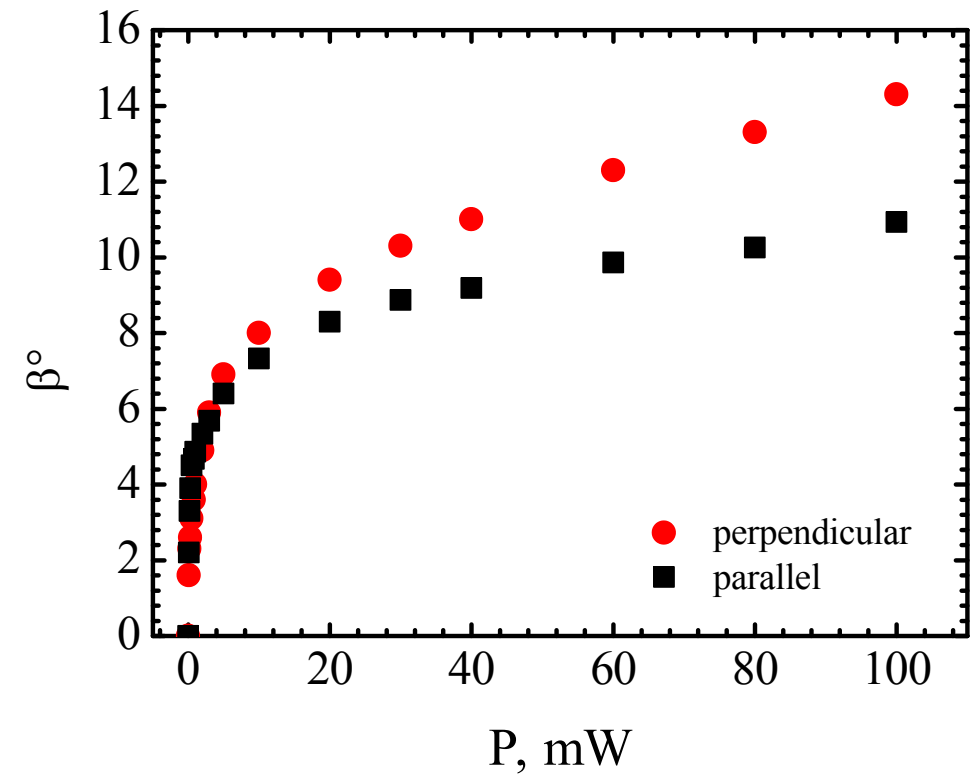
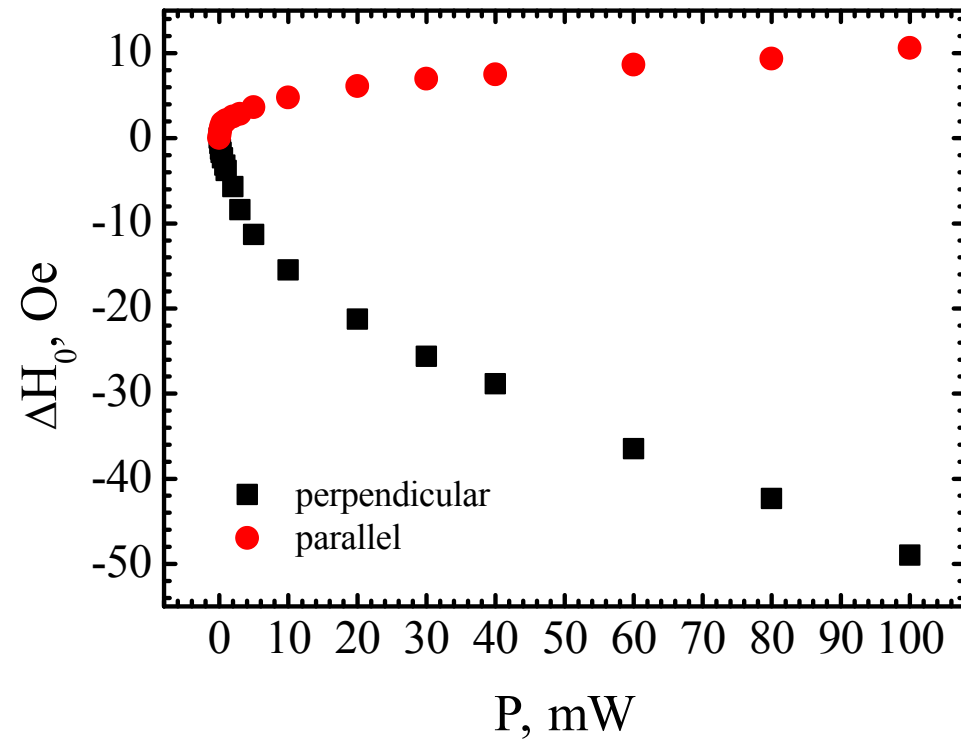
BEC mode, high excitation



MBEC comparison

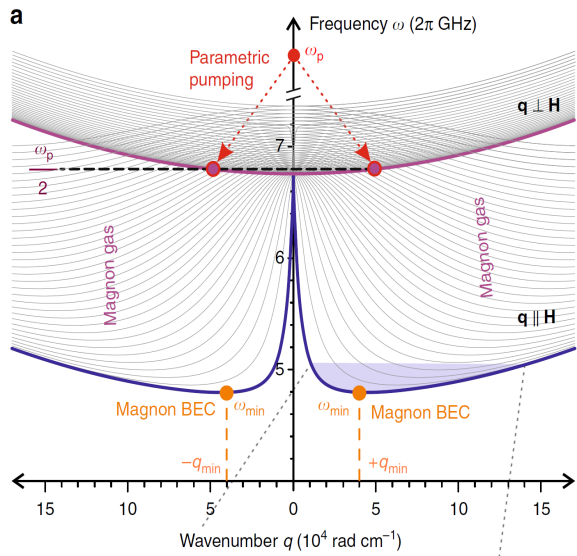


MBEC comparison



MBEC in Hillebrants group

Parametric pumping

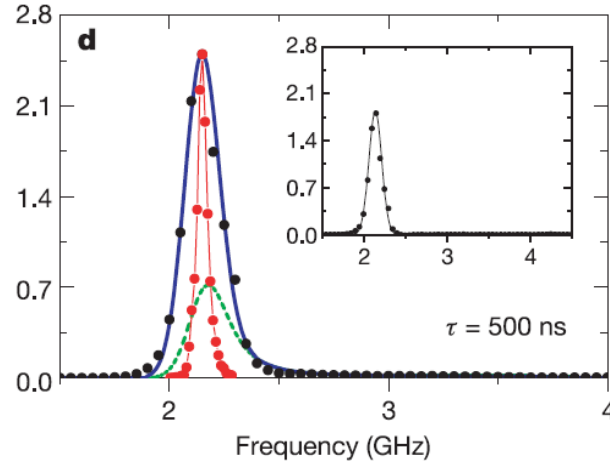


Nowik-Boltyk P, Dzyapko O, Demidov V E,
Berloff N G and Demokritov S O
2012 *Sci. Rep.* **2** 482

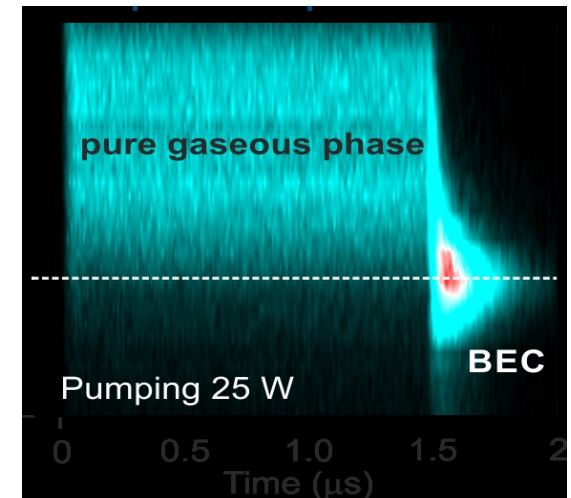
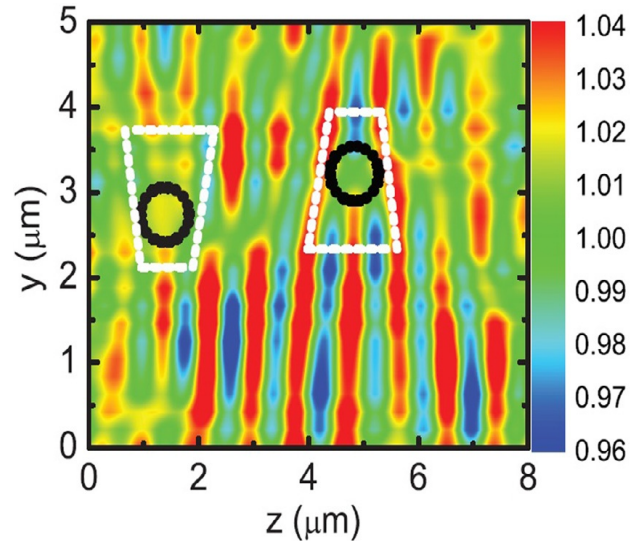
LETTERS

Bose-Einstein condensation of quasi-equilibrium magnons at room temperature under pumping

S. O. Demokritov¹, V. E. Demidov¹, O. Dzyapko¹, G. A. Melkov², A. A. Serga³, B. Hillebrands³ & A. N. Slavin⁴



Red circles in d indicate data obtained with a resolution of 50 MHz;



Hillebrants et al., *Nature nanotechnology*
DOI:10.1038/s41565-020-0761-

Questions

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